

ESERCIZI SUI LIMITI

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log_a(1+x)}{x} = \log_a e \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log_3(1+x^2)}{x} = 0 \quad \boxed{\frac{0}{0}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x - 1}{x} = \ln a \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{3x} - 1}{5x} = \frac{3}{5} \ln 2 \quad \boxed{\frac{0}{0}}$$

$$\dots \frac{(1+x)^a - 1}{x} = a ; \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+4x} - 1}{x} = 2 \quad \boxed{\frac{0}{0}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+2} \right)^n = \dots$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{m}{m+2} \right)^m \sim \left(\frac{m}{m+2} \right)^m \sim 1^\infty \text{ F.I.}$$

MODO 1

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x}{x+2} \right)^x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x + 2 - 2}{x+2} \right)^x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{2}{x+2} \right)^x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{2}{x+2} \right)$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{t} \right)^t = e$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left[\left(1 - \frac{2}{x+2} \right)^{-\frac{x+2}{2}} \right]^x$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left[\left(1 - \frac{2}{x+2} \right)^{-\frac{x+2}{2}} \right]^{-\frac{2}{x+2} \cdot x}$$

\downarrow
 $= e$

$$= \frac{-2x}{x+2} \sim \frac{-2x}{x} \sim -2$$

$$= e^{-2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+2} \right)^n = \dots$$

$$k = e^{\ln k}$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\ln \left(\frac{m}{m+2} \right)^m}$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} e^{m \cdot \ln\left(\frac{m}{m+2}\right)}$$

Poiché $\frac{m}{m+2} \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow \ln \frac{m}{m+2} \rightarrow 0$

Ricordiamo il limite notevole

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} = 1 \rightarrow \ln(1+x) \sim x$$
$$t = 1+x \rightarrow x = t-1$$
$$\ln t \rightarrow t-1$$

$$\log \frac{m}{m+2} \sim \frac{m}{m+2} - 1$$

Riprendo il limite

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} e^{m \cdot \ln\left(\frac{m}{m+2}\right)}$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} e^{m \cdot \left(\frac{m}{m+2} - 1\right)}$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} e^{m \cdot \frac{m - m - 2}{m+2}}$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{-2m}{m+2}} \sim \frac{-2m}{m} \sim -2$$

$$= e^{-2} = \frac{1}{e^2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{n - n^2}{1 + 10n \log n} = \dots$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{m - m^2}{1 + 10m \cdot \log m} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} = \text{F.I.}$$

scala ∞ $m = o(m^2)$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-m^2}{10 \cancel{m} \cdot \log m}$$

$$= - \frac{m}{10 \log m} \sim -\infty$$

$$\log m = o(m)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} n (\log(n+1) - \log n) = \dots$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} m \cdot (\log(m+1) - \log m) = \infty \cdot (\infty - \infty) = \text{F.I.}$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} m \cdot \log \frac{m+1}{m}$$

$$\log \frac{m+1}{m} \rightarrow \frac{m+1}{m} - 1$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} m \cdot \left(\frac{m+1}{m} - 1 \right)$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} m \cdot \frac{1}{m} = 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} n (\log^3(n+1) - \log^3 n) = \dots$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} m \cdot (\log^3(m+1) - \log^3 m)$$

$$= \infty (\infty - \infty)$$

$$A^3 - B^3 = (A - B)(A^2 + AB + B^2)$$

$$\log^3(m+1) - \log^3 m$$

$$= (\log(m+1) - \log m) \cdot [\log^2(m+1) + \log(m+1) \cdot \log m + \log^2 m]$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\log \frac{m+1}{m}$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} m \cdot (\log^3(m+1) - \log^3 m)$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} m \cdot \log \frac{m+1}{m} \cdot [\log^2(m+1) + \log(m+1) \cdot \log m + \log^2 m]$$

$$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}} \sim 3 \log^2 m$$

$$\sim m \cdot \left(\frac{m+1}{m} - 1 \right)$$

$$\sim m \cdot \frac{1}{m} \sim 1$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} 3 \log^2 m = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} e^n (n - \log(e^n + n)) = \dots$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^x (x - \log(e^x + x)) = e^{+\infty} \cdot (\infty - \infty) \quad \text{F.I.}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^m \left(m - \log \left(e^m \cdot \left(1 + \frac{m}{e^m} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} e^m \left(m - \left(\log e^m + \log \left(1 + \frac{m}{e^m} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} e^m \left(\cancel{m} - \cancel{m} - \log \left(1 + \frac{m}{e^m} \right) \right)$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} - e^m \cdot \log \left(1 + \frac{m}{e^m} \right)$$

↓ TENDE A ZERO

$$\log \left(1 + \frac{m}{e^m} \right) \sim \frac{m}{e^m}$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} - \cancel{e^m} \cdot \frac{m}{\cancel{e^m}}$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow +\infty} - m = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \sqrt[n]{e^n + 1} = \dots$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \sqrt[n]{e^n + 1} = \sqrt[n]{\infty} = \infty^{1/\infty} = \infty^0 \quad \text{F.I.}$$

$$e^n + 1 \rightarrow e^n$$

$$\sim \sqrt[n]{e^n} = e$$