

## MATRICI INVERSE DI MATRICI NON QUADRATE

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(2x3)

$$A \times A^{-1} = I$$

(2x3) (3x2) (2x2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} a & d \\ b & e \\ c & f \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} 1 \cdot a + 2b + (-1) \cdot c = 1 \\ 0 \cdot a + 1 \cdot b + 2 \cdot c = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 1 \cdot d + 2 \cdot e + (-1) \cdot f = 0 \\ 0 \cdot d + 1 \cdot e + 2 \cdot f = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a + 2b - c = -1 \\ b + 2c = 0 \end{cases}$$

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$$b = -2c$$

$$\begin{aligned} a + 2(-2c) - c &= -1 \\ a - 2c - c &= -1 \\ a - 3c &= -1 \\ a &= 3c - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} d + 2e - f = 0 \\ e + 2f = 1 \end{cases}$$

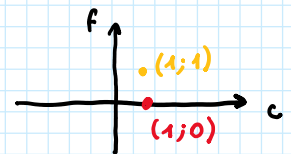
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$$e = -2f + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} d + 2(-2f + 1) - f &= 0 \\ d - 4f + 2 - f &= 0 \\ d - 5f + 2 &= 0 \\ d &= 5f - 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} a & d \\ b & e \\ c & f \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3c-1 & 5f-2 \\ -2c & -2f+1 \\ c & f \end{pmatrix}$$

∞ MATRICI INVERSE A DX



$$A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ -2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

∞<sup>2</sup> MATRICI INVERSE

INVERSA SINISTRA

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1}_{sx} \cdot A = I$$

(3x2) (2x3) (3x3)

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \\ e & f \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \{ \underline{1 \cdot a + b \cdot 0 = 1} \quad a \cdot 2 + b \cdot 1 = 0 \quad a(-1) + b \cdot 2 = 0 \\ \textcircled{2} \{ c \cdot 1 + d \cdot 0 = 0 \quad c \cdot 2 + d \cdot 1 = 1 \quad c(-1) + d \cdot 2 = 0 \\ \textcircled{3} \{ e \cdot 1 + f \cdot 0 = 0 \quad e \cdot 2 + f \cdot 1 = 0 \quad e \cdot (-1) + f \cdot 2 = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

$A^{-1}_{5 \times 4}$  NON esiste!!!

$$\textcircled{1} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a = 1 \\ 2a + b = 0 \rightarrow 2 + b = 0 \rightarrow b = -2 \\ -a + 2b = 0 \rightarrow -1 + 2b = 0 \rightarrow b = 1/2 \end{array} \right\} \text{contraddizione}$$

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sist. impossibile!